

Amendments to the Specification:

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 68, line 11, with the following rewritten paragraph:

Further, 40 parts of exemplified compound (3-1) and 40 parts of exemplified compound (I-10) as components for forming a siloxane resin, 5 parts of a silane coupling agent (KBM-7402, manufactured by Shin-Etsu Chemical Co., Ltd.), and further 40 parts of methanol are collected and well mixed, and 5 parts of an ion exchange resin (~~Amberlist~~ AMBERLIST 15E, manufactured by Rhom & Hass Co.) is added thereto as a catalyst. After stirring for 2 hours, 100 parts of butanol and further 5 parts of distilled water are added thereto, followed by stirring at room temperature for 15 minutes. Then, the ion exchange resin is removed by filtration. Further, 1 part of aluminum trisacetylacetonate as a catalyst, 1 part of acetylacetone as a multidentate ligand, 5 parts of a polyvinyl butyral resin (trade name: S-LEC KW-1, manufactured by Sekisui Chemical Co., Ltd.) and 1 part of a hindered phenol antioxidant (trade name: ~~Sumilizer~~ SUMILIZER MDP-S, manufactured by Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd.) are added, and 10 parts of silica sol (trade name: R812, manufactured by Aerosil Co., Ltd.) and 3 parts of fine fluorine particles (trade name: ~~Lubron~~ LUBRON L2, manufactured by Daikin Industries, Ltd.) are further added. The resulting mixture is dispersed together with glass beads in a paint shaker to obtain a coating solution for formation of a protective layer (a coating solution for formation of a siloxane resin-containing layer). This coating solution is applied onto the above-mentioned charge transport layer by dip coating (coating speed: about 170 mm/min), and dried by heating at 130°C for 1 hour to form the 3- μ m protective layer, thereby obtaining a desired electrophotographic photoreceptor.

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 69, line 23, with the following rewritten paragraph:

An undercoating layer, a charge generation layer and a charge transport layer are formed in the same manner as with Example 1. Then, the kinds and amounts compounded (parts) of components for forming a siloxane resin, polyvinyl butyral resin, fine particles, distilled water, catalyst, multidentate ligand and antioxidant are changed as shown in Table 2, and a 3- μ m protective layer is formed on the charge transport layer in the same manner as with Example 1 to obtain a desired electrophotographic photoreceptor. In Example 2, the dispersing step is omitted. In Table 2, ~~Sumilizer~~ SUMILIZER BHT is a trade name of a hindered phenol antioxidant (manufactured by Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd.).

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 71, line 1, with the following rewritten paragraph:

An undercoating layer, a charge generation layer and a charge transport layer are formed in the same manner as with Example 1. Then, 40 parts of exemplified compound (3-1) and 40 parts of exemplified compound (I-10) as components for forming a siloxane resin, 5 parts of a silane coupling agent (KBM-7402, manufactured by Shin-Etsu Chemical Co., Ltd.), and further 40 parts of methanol are collected and well mixed, and 5 parts of 1 N hydrochloric acid as a catalyst and further 5 parts of distilled water are added thereto, followed by stirring at room temperature for 15 minutes. Then, 5 parts of a polyvinyl butyral resin (trade name: S-LEC KW-1, manufactured by Sekisui Chemical Co., Ltd.) and 1 part of a hindered phenol antioxidant (trade name: ~~Sumilizer~~ SUMILIZER MDP-S, manufactured by Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd.) are added and dissolved therein to prepare a coating solution. The resulting solution is applied onto the above-mentioned charge transport layer by dip coating

(coating speed: about 170 mm/min), and dried by heating at 130°C for 1 hour to form a 3- μ m protective layer, thereby obtaining a desired electrophotographic photoreceptor.

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 74, line 5, with the following rewritten paragraph:

An undercoating layer and a charge generation layer are formed in the same manner as with Example 1. Then, 40 parts of exemplified compound (3-1) and 20 parts of exemplified compound (I-10) as components for forming a siloxane resin, 50 parts of tetrahydrofuran, 30 parts of butanol and 30 parts of methanol are mixed, and 5 parts of an ion exchange resin (~~Amberlist~~-AMBERLIST 15E, manufactured by Rhom & Hass Co.) is added thereto as a catalyst. After stirring for 2 hours, 5 parts of distilled water is further added, followed by stirring at room temperature for 15 minutes. Then, the ion exchange resin is removed by filtration, and 20 parts of a polyvinyl butyral resin (trade name: S-LEC BXL (manufactured by Sekisui Chemical Co., Ltd.)), 1 part of aluminum trisacetylacetonate, 1 part of acetylacetone and 1 part of a hindered phenol antioxidant (~~Sumilizer~~-SUMILIZER MDP-S, manufactured by Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd.) are added to obtain a coating solution for a charge transport layer. The coating solution is applied onto the above-mentioned charge generation layer by dip coating, and dried by heating at 125°C for 1 hour to form the charge transport layer, thereby obtaining a desired electrophotographic photoreceptor.